

Abstract

Title : A MANAGEMENT FOR EFFICIENCY DEVELOPMENT PROTOTYPE IN
 NARCOTICS ABUSE PREVENTION AND SUPPRESSION OF PROVINCIAL
 POLICE REGION 7
By : Police Major Tawan Trakarnrek
Degree : Doctor of Philosophy
Major : Management
Advisor :

Pricha Hongskrailers
.....

(Associate Professor Dr.Pricha Hongskrailers)

Noparuj Saksiri
.....

(Associate Professor Police Colonel Dr.Noparuj Saksiri)

9 / Sep / 2016
.....

The objectives of this research were to study (1) the current conditions of management for narcotics abuse prevention and suppression of Provincial Police Region 7, (2) the efficiency management factors in narcotics abuse prevention and suppression of Provincial Police Region 7, and (3) the development of management model for improving the efficiency of narcotics abuse prevention and suppression of Provincial Police Region 7. This study was a qualitative research, and the instrument that used in this research was the interview form. The samples of this study were divided into 6 groups, consisted of (1) policy level informants group, (2) practitioner level informants group, (3) other public sector informants group, (4) academics group, (5) citizens group, and (6) convicts of narcotics abuse case, a total of 49 persons. The results of the study can be concluded as follows:

1. The situation of narcotics abuse problem found that the narcotics has been spread out continually and tend to increase endlessly. The efficiency of the operation in narcotics abuse prevention and suppression of Provincial Police Region 7 were (1) budgets spending is worthy and economy in high level when compared between input and output, (2) the commanders will support on

working and give an opportunity to the police officials for choosing the appropriate method to deal with each condition, (3) the police officials have an understanding in laws and regulations of narcotics suppression, (4) Provincial Police Region 7 has improved the system of narcotics problem solving to comply with the policies in all level, and (5) the police officials have seized properties from drug maker, drug dealer, drug accomplice and coordinator in a large number. Also, a capture of the offenders according to the unfinished warrants of arrest, has been surpassed the specified target.

2. The efficiency management factors in narcotics abuse prevention and suppression of Provincial Police Region 7, consisted of (1) the leadership of the executive officials found that the commanders of Provincial Police Region 7 have used the method of decentralization by specifying target to use for controlling the performances and outcomes and have designated the executive officials to attend in the policy level conference meeting with the provincial and other public sectors. Moreover, there also has been the coordination for the activity integration, (2) the potential of the police officials found that the police officials have the characteristic that is consistent with the operation, and have the method of efficiency working, (3) the budgets are allocated less than the amount of the mission, (4) technologies make the narcotics abuse prevention and suppression easy, and (5) some of the authority cannot be implemented because it was the specific authority of the narcotics prevention and suppression officials.

3. The results of this study indicated that the approach for solving the narcotics abuse problem of Provincial Police Region 7 was just only a subsystem of the narcotics abuse problem solving system both in the country, and the world. Therefore, there must be an integration of public sector's task in all dimensions, to solve the narcotics abuse problem efficiently.

The development of management model for improving the efficiency of narcotics abuse prevention and suppression of Provincial Police Region 7, can be concluded as follows:

3.1 Leadership factor, consisted of 4 approaches (1) participatory management, (2) skill of coaching to the police officials, (3) strengthen the organizational culture and, (4) proficiency of coordination with other public sectors and international organization.

3.2 Police official factor, consisted of 5 approaches (1) police officials development, (2) knowledge sharing to the team members, (3) Voluntary Community Police development to assist the

operation of police officials, (4) conference meeting arrangement for the executive level of the public sectors to integrate the mission together, and (5) knowledge of working development.

3.3 Budget factor, consisted of 3 approaches (1) area budget allocation system development, (2) proficiency of projects writing development, and (3) improve the regulation for spending of narcotics prevention and suppression welfare fund.

3.4 Technology factor, consisted of 4 approaches (1) tools and application programs development, (2) public relations of data and information, (3) using of license plates verifying system, and (4) availability of modern communication equipment for working.

3.5 Laws factor, consisted of 2 approaches (1) study the problems and restrictions for improving regulation of working, and (2) consulting team establishment.